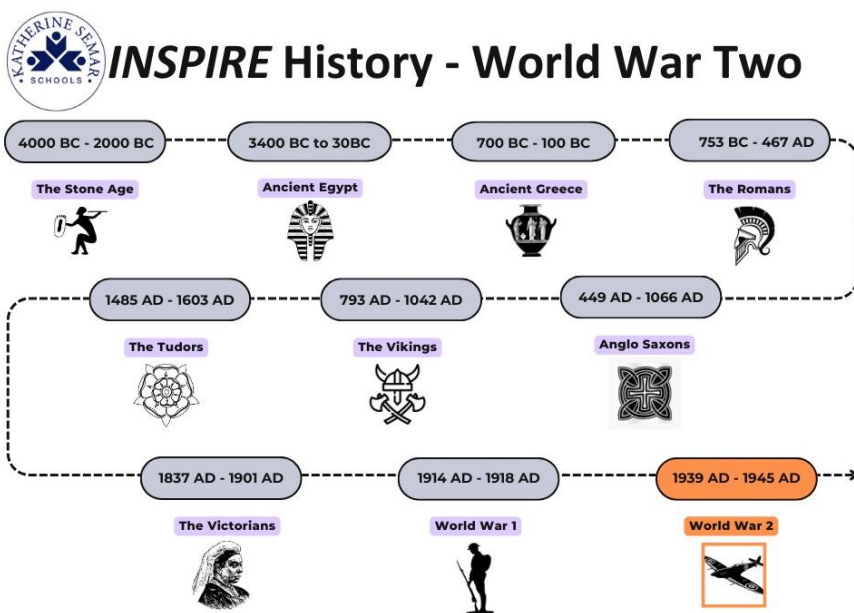
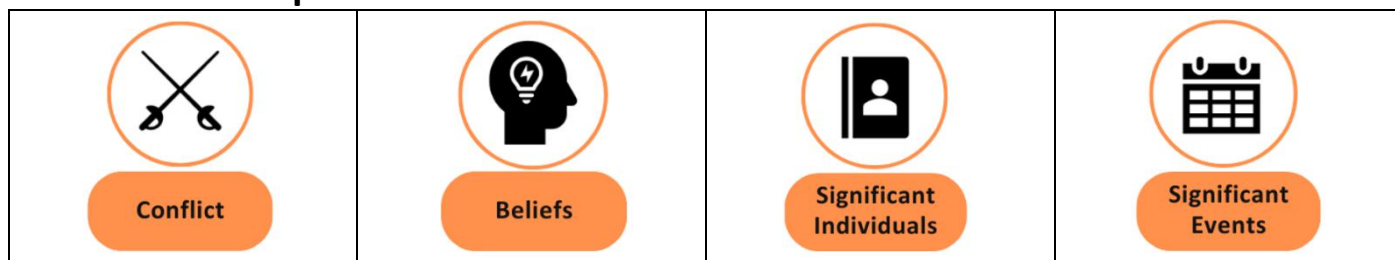


Year 6: World War II

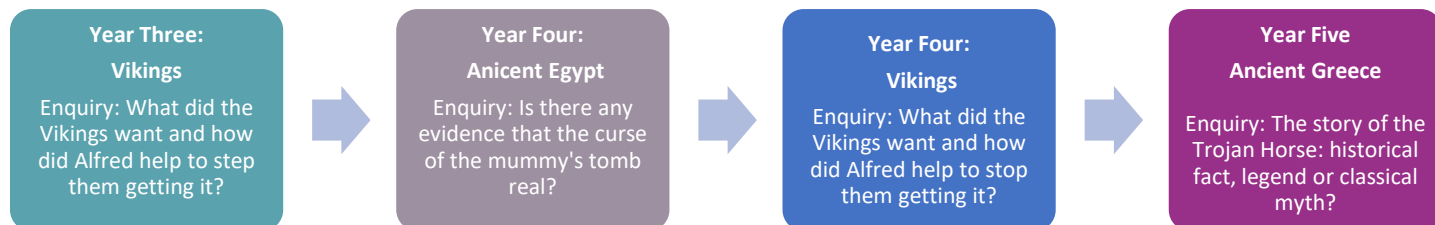
Enquiry: Why was winning The Battle of Britain in 1940 so important?



Historical Concepts



Historical Connections – Linked Prior Learning



Key Vocabulary

Word	Definition
Territory	An area that's owned or under the control of someone.
Border	An (invisible) line that separates one area from another (most famously, countries).
Ideologies	A set of opinions or beliefs of a group or an individual.
Propaganda	The spreading of information (e.g. leaflets, posters, news articles) to influence people's opinions.
Morale	The feeling of being hopeful when you're part of a group or team.
Victory	The act of defeating an enemy or opponent in battle.
Dictator	Someone who has absolute power or total control over something (e.g. a country).
Rationing	Carefully controlling the amount of something that people use.
Persecute	To treat someone unfairly or to hurt them because they believe in something different or are different in some way.
Declare	To state something clearly and officially.
Conquer	To win against something difficult or to take control of it.
Surrender	To give up control of something to someone else.
Evacuate	To remove someone from a place of danger to safer place.
Evacuee	Someone who is removed from a place of danger to a safer place.
Allies	Countries that work together for a military purpose (e.g. ending World War II).
Resistance	Groups of civilians who actively opposed an issue (e.g. having their country invaded).
War	Armed combat between two or more countries.
Resolution	The resolving of a problem or dispute.

